

FINC FRIENDS PRIVATE LIMITED

Public Disclosure on Liquidity Risk

Public Disclosure on Liquidity Risk as on 31st December 2024 pursuant to RBI circular number RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC. No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated 4 November 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for Non-Banking Financial Companies and Core Investment Companies

1 Funding Concentration based on significant counterparty:

Sr. No.	Number of significant counterparties*	Amount (₹ Crore)	% of Total Deposit	% of Total Liabilities
1	4	164.54	Not applicable	37.94%

*Significant counterparty is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD C.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for Non-Banking Financial Companies and Core Investment Companies.

2 Top 20 large deposits:

Amount (₹ Crore)	Not Applicable
% of Total Deposit	Not Applicable

3 Top 10 borrowings:

Amount (₹ Crore)	165.42
% of Total Borrowings	100%

Note:

Top 10 borrowing counterparty has been considered,

4 Funding Concentration based on significant Instrument/Product:

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Product**	Amount (₹ Crore)	% of Total Liabilities
1	External Commercial Borrowings	144.13	33.21%
2	Term Loans	21.29	4.91%

**Significant instrument/product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD C.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for Non-Banking Financial Companies and Core Investment Companies.

**5 Stock Ratios:
Not Applicable**

Sr. No.	Particulars	As % of Total Liabilities	As % of Total Assets

Note

Other Short-term Liabilities is computed as current maturities of long-term debt, short term bank borrowings including outstanding CC/WCDL and other short-term liabilities has been considered, but excludes commercial paper and Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year).

6 Institutional set-up for Liquidity Risk Management:

The Company has in place organizational set up as directed in RBI policy to decide the strategy, policies and procedures of the Company to manage liquidity risk in accordance with the liquidity risk tolerance/limits decided by it. The set up includes the following bodies:

A. Board of Directors shall decide the strategy, policies and procedures to manage liquidity risk in accordance with the liquidity risk tolerance/limits as may be decided.

B. Integrated Risk Management Committee (IRMC) shall evaluate the overall risks faced by the Company including liquidity risk.

C. Assets Liability and Management Committee (ALCO) shall ensure adherence to the risk tolerance/limits as set by the Board as well as implement the liquidity risk management strategy of the Company.

D. Assets Liability Management (ALM) Support Group shall analyze, monitor and report the liquidity risk profile to the ALCO.

E. The company also has a Liquidity Contingency Framework in place which serves as a blueprint for meeting the funding requirement at a reasonable cost during the liquidity crisis. The Liquidity Contingency Plan (LCP) defines the internal communication flow during any liquidity triggers and the activation and closure of LCP.

Note:

1. The Company is a non-deposit taking systemically important NBFC, therefore only information related to borrowings have been disclosed above and no information related to deposits is available.

2. Total Liabilities has been computed as sum of all liabilities (Balance Sheet figure) less Equity and Reserves/Surplus.